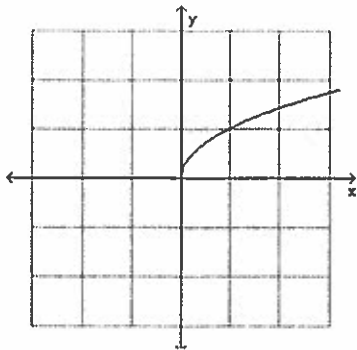


Transformations Worksheet  
Precalculus

Name: KEY Date: \_\_\_\_\_

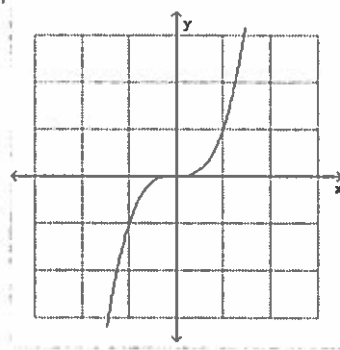
1. Use the graph to name the function..

a.



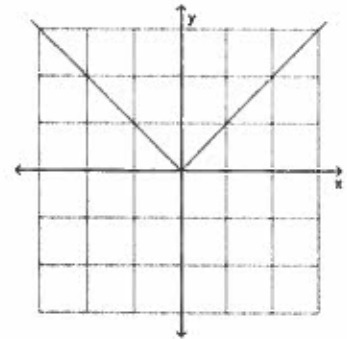
Function: Square root  
 $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

b.



Function: Cubic  
 $f(x) = x^3$

c.



Function: Absolute value  
 $f(x) = |x|$

2. Describe how to transform the graph of  $f$  into the graph of  $g$ .

a.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  and  $g(x) = 3\sqrt{x}$

Vertical stretch by a factor of 3.

b.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  and  $g(x) = -\sqrt{-x}$

Reflection about the  $y$ -axis and the  $x$ -axis

c.  $f(x) = x^5$  and  $g(x) = (8x)^5$

Horizontal shrink by a factor of 8.

d.  $f(x) = |x|$  and  $g(x) = -|x+2| - 3$

Reflection about the  $x$ -axis, Left 2 units, down 3 units

3. Write an equation for the function that is described by the given characteristics.

a. The shape of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ , but moved two units to the right and eight units downward.

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x-2} - 8$$

b. The shape of  $f(x) = x^2$  reflected over the x-axis and vertically stretched by a factor of 6.

$$g(x) = -6x^2$$

c. The shape of  $f(x) = |x|$ , but moved 5 units upward and reflected about the y-axis.

$$g(x) = |-x| + 5$$

d. The shape of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  horizontally shrunk by a factor of 2 and shifted up 3 units.

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2x} + 3$$

e. The shape of  $f(x) = x^3$ , but moved six units to the left, six units downward and reflected about the x-axis.

$$g(x) = -(x+6)^3 - 6$$

Honors PreCalculus  
Transformation of Functions

Name Key  
Period \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

( *inside*  
= *horizontal*  
= *LIES* )    *outside*  
= *vertical*  
= *TRUTH*

*add or subtract = translation (or shift or slide)*  
*multiplication by a negative = reflection*  
*multiplication by a number = stretch or shrink*

Describe the transformations of  $f(x)$  for the following functions.

1.  $f(x) = x^2$  to  $g(x) = x^2 - 7$

vertical shift down 7

2.  $f(x) = x^2$  to  $g(x) = (x + 4)^2$

horizontal shift 4 units left

3.  $f(x) = x^3$  to  $g(x) = -x^3$

reflect about the x-axis

4.  $f(x) = x^5$  to  $g(x) = (-x + 2)^5$

reflect about the y-axis and left 2 units

5.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  to  $g(x) = 2\sqrt{x-1}$

vertical stretch by a factor of 2 and 1 unit right

6.  $f(x) = |x|$  to  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{4}|x|$

reflect about the x-axis and vertical shrink by a factor of  $\frac{1}{4}$

7.  $f(x) = x^2$  to  $g(x) = (-3x - 2)^2 + \frac{2}{5}$

reflect @ y-axis, horiz. shrink by a factor of 3, right 2, up  $\frac{2}{5}$  or 0.4

8.  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$  to  $g(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{5}x} + 20$

horiz stretch by 5 and up 20

9.  $f(x) = x$  to  $g(x) = -6x + 3$

reflect over x-axis, vertical stretch by 6 up 3 units

10.  $f(x) = x^{45}$  to  $g(x) = -(6x + 90)^{45} - 1000$

reflect over x-axis  
horiz. shrink by factor of 6  
left 90 units, down 1000

Write the function  $g(x)$  that is created by transforming  $f(x)$ , given the description.

11.  $f(x) = x^2$ ; shifted 3 units right and shifted 4 units up.

$$g(x) = (x-3)^2 + 4$$

12.  $f(x) = |x|$ ; reflected vertically and shrank horizontally by a factor of 2.

$$g(x) = -|2x|$$

13.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ ; shrank vertically by a factor of 3, reflected horizontally and shifted 9 units left.

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{-x+9}$$

14.  $f(x) = x^3$ ; shifted 1.2 units down, reflected vertically, reflected horizontally and stretched vertically by a factor of 7.

$$g(x) = -7(x)^3 - 1.2$$

15.  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ ; stretched vertically by a factor of 2, stretched horizontally by a factor of 2, shifted left 2 units and shifted 2 units down.

$$g(x) = 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{x}{2} + 2} - 2$$

